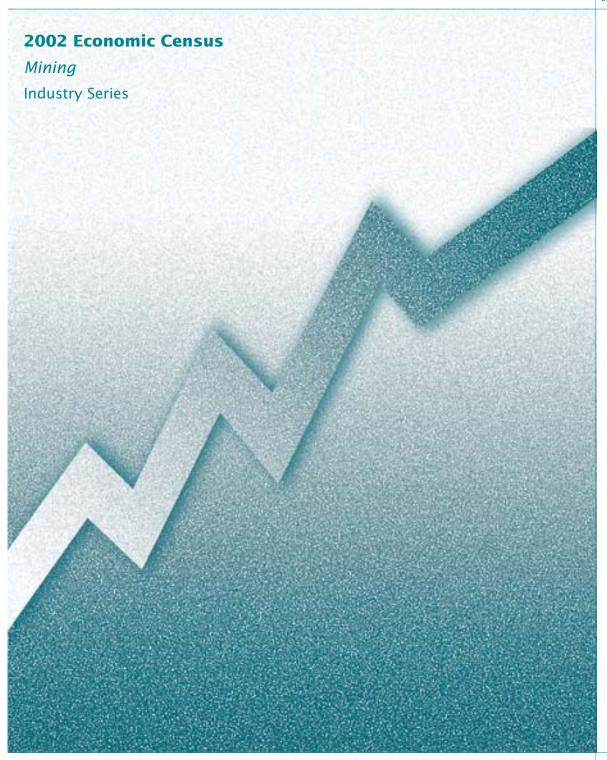
# Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Extraction: 2002

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U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



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-- Not applicable for this report.

#### Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and 1997

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

			All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers						
Industry and year	Com- panies <sup>1</sup>	All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12		Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)		Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
211111, Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction	6 296 6 806	7 178 7 784	94 886 100 333	5 036 621 4 968 972	58 628 58 328	109 144 116 793		90 806 008 77 202 492	19 048 015 21 908 937	85 906 216 78 005 625	23 947 807 21 105 804

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control. <sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002

[Offshore areas refer to those areas not associated with a state. States that are disclosures or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establishments <sup>2</sup>		All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers						
Industry and geographic area	E¹	Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
211111, Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction												
United States. Alabama. California Colorado Illinois Kansas	1	7 178 37 215 344 175 375	793 13 40 41 11 24	94 886 1 042 3 666 4 057 899 2 325	5 036 621 64 411 224 144 254 900 32 210 104 281	58 628 564 2 640 2 305 664 1 630	109 144 1 287 5 392 4 241 1 005 2 763	2 966 426 39 242 156 025 128 796 20 239 69 346	90 806 008 1 453 205 3 407 511 3 187 910 188 318 1 756 333	19 048 015 131 815 1 172 249 685 180 64 589 480 550	1 308 510 4 009 949 2 858 215 222 983	276 510 569 811
Louisiana Michigan New Mexico Oklahoma Pennsylvania	1 2	425 88 167 1 039 145	89 16 20 89 22	11 270 926 2 097 9 382 1 629	634 319 41 363 118 118 438 850 81 514	7 796 586 1 265 5 634 1 000	14 783 970 2 456 9 402 1 884	436 327 24 431 73 550 235 685 44 379	18 696 109 339 076 5 642 496 4 997 767 551 679	4 610 555 89 904 725 647 1 199 248 123 623	361 918 5 804 810	67 062
Texas Utah West Virginia Wyoming Offshore Areas not Associated with a State	5	2 794 55 210 180 5	285 14 20 32 4	40 408 1 860 1 720 2 553 501	2 172 312 56 946 71 397 127 296 36 626	23 840 818 1 077 1 831 281	44 683 2 554 1 537 3 407 649	1 158 551 35 585 37 956 92 774 23 263	34 579 935 1 618 799 925 276 2 843 828 624 379	6 968 429 346 810 179 014 767 420 150 149	963 052 2 762 224	9 640 426 417 626 141 238 849 024 143 226

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

# Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
211111, Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction	
Companies <sup>1</sup> number	6 296
All establishments <sup>2</sup> . number.  Establishments with 0 to 19 employees number.  Establishments with 20 to 99 employees number.  Establishments with 100 employees or more number.	7 178 6 385 636 157
All employees for pay period including March 12       number.         Total compensation       \$1,000.         Annual payroll       \$1,000.         Annual fringe benefits not included in payroll       \$1,000.	94 886 6 227 995 5 036 621 1 191 374
Production, development, and exploration workers for pay period including March 12number	58 628
Production, development, and exploration worker annual hours	109 144 2 966 426
Total cost of supplies         \$1,000.           Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery installed         \$1,000.           Resales         \$1,000.           Purchased fuels consumed         \$1,000.           Purchased electricity         \$1,000.           Contract work         \$1,000.	19 048 015 8 324 724 2 098 645 810 959 1 339 504 6 474 183
Quantity of electricity purchased	26 926 558 254 098
Total other expenses         \$1,000.           Response coverage ratio³         percent.           Communications services         \$1,000.           Legal services         \$1,000.           Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services         \$1,000.           Advertising and promotional services         \$1,000.           All other expenses (not included above)         \$1,000.	1 692 887 47 104 109 76 449 72 587 12 114 1 427 628
Total value of shipments and receipts for services. \$1,000.  Primary products value of shipments \$1,000.  Secondary products value of shipments and receipts for services \$1,000.  Value of resales \$1,000.	85 906 216 82 571 843 1 114 686 2 219 687
Value of primary products shipments or services produced in all industries       \$1,000.         Value of primary products shipments or services produced in this industry.       \$1,000.         Value of primary products shipments or services produced in other industries.       \$1,000.	82 799 026 82 571 843 227 183
Value added\$1,000	90 806 008
Total inventories, end of 2001 \$1,000.  Mineral products, crude petroleum, and natural gas liquids inventories \$1,000.  Supplies, parts, fuels, etc., inventories \$1,000.	921 466 399 405 522 061
Total inventories, end of 2002 \$1,000.  Mineral products, crude petroleum, and natural gas liquids inventories \$1,000.  Supplies, parts, fuels, etc., inventories \$1,000.	1 042 620 486 981 555 639
Gross book value of depreciable/depletable assets at beginning of year. \$1,000. Capital expenditures (except land and mineral rights) \$1,000. Capital expenditures for buildings, structures, machinery, and equipment (new and used) \$1,000. Capital expenditures for mineral exploration and development \$1,000. Capital expenditures for mineral land and rights \$1,000. Deductions from depreciable/depletable assets during year \$1,000. Gross book value of depreciable/depletable assets at end of year \$1,000.	23 947 807 5 724 488 18 223 319 - -
Total depreciation/depletion charges during year\$1,000	_
Total rental payments during year \$1,000.  Buildings and other structures \$1,000.  Machinery and equipment \$1,000.	1 628 876 431 100 1 197 776
Lease rents	_
Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights	8 365 264

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the employment for those establishments that reported this item to the total employment for all establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All emp	oloyees	Production, d	evelopment, ar workers	d exploration				
		All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
211111, Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction											
All establishments.  Establishments with — 0 to 4 employees. 5 to 9 employees. 10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees 50 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees 500 to 999 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees 2,500 employees	5 1 1 1 1 1 1 6 1 9	7 178 4 900 805 680 445 191 102 37 12 5	94 886 7 625 5 440 9 144 13 347 13 213 15 450 12 150 8 534 h	5 036 621 304 374 245 268 421 841 693 998 743 746 949 370 717 555 399 677 D	58 628 5 474 3 245 5 519 7 992 8 418 9 664 7 570 5 272 D	109 144 8 160 5 112 8 978 14 239 16 207 19 132 16 517 10 755 D	2 966 426 178 102 146 873 244 645 365 767 436 161 550 191 447 022 265 676 D	90 806 008 3 733 335 4 235 945 6 566 706 12 800 792 15 373 405 17 367 277 13 393 610 9 576 676 D	19 048 015 710 900 1 073 422 1 439 908 2 692 090 2 852 118 3 936 996 2 884 218 2 883 497 D	85 906 216 3 718 217 4 321 270 6 162 725 12 207 442 14 686 976 15 673 602 13 133 449 8 157 210 D	23 947 807 726 018 988 097 1 843 889 3 285 440 3 538 547 5 630 671 3 144 379 4 302 963 D
Administrative records <sup>3</sup>	9	4 177	6 325	247 083	4 677	6 975	143 410	1 640 421	320 087	1 714 036	246 472

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; or opported for more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Table 5. Industry Statistics by Type of Operation: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	All establi	shments <sup>1</sup>	All employees		Production,	development, and workers			
Industry and type of operation	Total	With 20 employees or more	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)
211111, Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction									
All establishments Producing establishments Mines or wells only Underground mines Open-pit mines Combination mines, well operations, or other types of	7 178 7 159 7 159 - -	793 790 790 – –	94 886 94 631 94 631 —	5 036 621 5 023 938 5 023 938 - -	58 628 58 469 58 469 —	109 144 108 802 108 802 —	2 966 426 2 958 984 2 958 984 — —	90 806 008 90 840 232 90 840 232 —	85 906 216 85 906 216 85 906 216 - -
mines	7 159	790	94 631	5 023 938	58 469	108 802	2 958 984	90 840 232	85 906 216
Mines with preparation plants. Underground mines Open-pit mines Combination mines or other types of mines.	- - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Separately operated preparation plants	_ _	_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_	
Nonproducing establishments	19	3	255	12 683	159	342	7 442	-34 224	_

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
<sup>2</sup>Includes data for establishments that were not possible to classify based on information available.

#### Table 6a. Products or Services Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products or receipts for services of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or service	Product or service		Product shipments or receipts for services			
code	Product of Service	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)		
211111	Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction	×	X	82 799 026 77 300 748		
2111111	Crude petroleum, including lease condensate (volumes corrected to 60 degrees F) shipped	×	X	30 713 805 34 998 081		
21111111	Crude petroleum, including lease condensate (volumes corrected to 60 degrees 5) shipped 2002. 1997.	X	X	30 713 805 34 998 081		
2111111111	Crude petroleum, including lease condensate (volumes corrected to 60 degrees F) shipped	X	1 319.3 1 990.7	30 713 805 34 998 081		
2111111121	Crude petroleum shipped from stripper well leasesmil bbl2002	x X	230.7	X X		
2111111131	Lease condensate produced (volumes corrected to 60 degrees F)	X	119.1 147.4	X X		
2111113	Natural gas	X	X X	39 413 752 34 514 366		
21111131	Natural gas (volumes adjusted to pressure base of 14.73 lb absolute at 60 degrees F) shipped to consumers	X	x	39 413 752		
2111113100	Natural gas (volumes adjusted to pressure base of 14.73 lb absolute at 60	X	X	34 514 366		
	degreeš F) shipped to consumers bil cu ft2002	X	P13 420.4 14 606.2	39 413 752 34 514 366		
211111W	Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction, nsk	X	X X	12 671 469 7 788 301		
211111WY	Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction, nsk	x X	x x	12 671 469 7 788 301		
211111WYWT	Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction, nsk	X X	) x	12 671 469 7 788 301		

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Product Class Shipments or Receipts for Services for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002 and 1997

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or service class code	Product or service class and geographic area	Value of product shipments or receipts for services (\$1,000)
2111111	Crude petroleum, including lease condensate (volumes corrected to 60 degrees F) shipped	
	United States	30 713 805 34 998 081
	Alabama	160 285
	1997 Arkansas	N 68 382 N
	California	
	1997	3 069 716 5 890 923
	Colorado	474 328 484 024 121 989
	Illinois	_
	Indiana	38 96 1
	Kansas	254 674 438 882
	Kentucky	5 824
	1997 Louisiana	5 860 818
	1997 Michigan	5 791 859 53 557
	1997	151 523
	Mississippi	210 693 151 970
	Montana	159 956 147 581
	New Mexico	800 810 994 166
	North Dakota	307 354 367 638
	Ohio	269 087
	1997 Oklahoma	96 450 988 604
	1997   Pennsylvania	1 020 258 24 972
	1997	Λ
	Texas	8 230 104 7 955 373
	Utah     2002.       Wyoming     1997.       Wyoming     2002.	1 219 477 323 203 903 659
	1997	932 778
	North Gulf of Mexico Offshore Area	227 772 N
2111113	Natural gas	
	United States	39 413 752
	1997   Alabama	34 514 366 1 019 166
	1997 Arkansas	N 258 331
	1997	000 005
	California     2002.       1997     2002.       Colorado     2002.	208 395 842 641 1 506 344
	2002   1997    Illinois   2002	836 993 2 677
	1997	_ 0 N
	Kansas	1 152 228 1 195 788
	Kentucky	152 101 N
	Louisiana	8 043 806
	Michigan	9 402 251 103 466
	Mississippi	355 622 175 527
	1997 Montana	91 725 81 293
	1997 New Mexico	61 683 4 692 963
	1997	2 264 113
	New York	3 843 N
	Ohio	342 035 322 598
	Oklahoma	2 718 006
	1997 Pennsylvania	2 225 956 209 129
	1997	N

See footnotes at end of table.

# Table 6b. Product Class Shipments or Receipts for Services for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002 and 1997—Con.

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by ", see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or service class code	Product or service class and geographic area	Value of product shipments or receipts for services (\$1,000)
2111113	Natural gas—Con.	
	United States—Con. 2002. Utah 1997. Virginia 2002. West Virginia 1997. 2002.	220 014 274 110 14 639 N 597 984
	1997   Wyoming	N 1 122 157 1 677 611 215 668 N

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

# Table 7. Selected Supplies, Minerals Received for Preparation, Purchased Machinery, and Fuels Consumed by Type: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of supplies and fuels consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Supply or fuel code	Supply or fuel consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
211111	Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction		
	Supplies consumed by type		
33300007	Purchased machinery installed, including mobile loading, transportation, and other equipment installed at the operation	××	2 980 498 3 829 117
33300009	Parts and attachments for mining, mineral preparation, construction, and conveying machinery and equipment	X X	472 582 689 404
32500075	Industrial chemicals (including acidizing materials), excluding drilling fluids	X	557 531 1 121 428
32599803	Drilling fluids (drilling mud and drilling mud materials; mud thinners, thickeners, and purifiers)	X X X	783 735 664 132
32419100	Lubricating oils and greases (including hydraulic oils)	X	58 954
32731001	Cement	X	68 022 358 189
33120059	Steel shapes and forms (excluding castings and forgings)	X	371 819 1 306 075
33290013	Valves and pipe fittings	X	1 369 649 127 855
33300005	1997   Drill bits and reamers	X	301 906 147 121
00999828	1997	X	195 644 79 736
00970098	1997 All other supplies	X	71 595 565 299
00973000	Undistributed minerals, purchased machinery, parts, attachments, and supplies used	X X X	615 125 897 114 1 660 701
	Fuels consumed by type		
32411017	Distillate (light) grade numbers 1, 2, 4, and light diesel fuel used as a fuel	3 716.4	109 965
32411019	Residual (heavy) grade numbers 5 and 6 and heavy diesel fuel used as a fuel	2 017.8 S	61 219 20 436
21111015	Gas (natural, manufactured, and mixed) used as a fuel	648.6 P102.4	20 549 341 552
32411015	Gasoline used as a fuel	169.7 S	459 812 15 575
21111101	Crude petroleum produced and used in the same plant as a fuel	98.3 D	105 255 X
21111003	Natural gas produced and used in the same plant as a fuel	.6 255.3	X
00960018	Other fuels (liquefied petroleum gas, coke, wood, etc.)	715.9 X	X 46 407
00974000	1997 2002. 1997	X X X	38 537 268 957 217 570

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.